

Department of Aerospace Engineering
AS3030 Vibrations
Aug – Dec 2010
Quiz 2 Solutions

1.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Mass: } U &= mg(L(t) - L(t)\cos(\theta(t))) \\ \text{Linear Spring: } U &= \frac{k(L(t) - L_{eq})^2}{2} \\ \text{Torsional Spring: } U &= \frac{k_2(\theta(t))^2}{2}\end{aligned}$$

Kinetic Energy

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Mass as a swinger: } T &= \frac{mL(t)^2\dot{\theta}(t)^2}{2} \\ \text{Mass as a Slider: } T &= \frac{m(\dot{L}(t))^2}{2}\end{aligned}$$

Defining the Lagrangian $La = T - U$, taking the partial derivatives we have:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial La}{\partial \dot{\theta}} &= mL(t)^2\dot{\theta}(t) \\ \frac{\partial La}{\partial \theta} &= -gmL(t)\sin(\theta(t)) - k_2\theta(t) \\ \frac{\partial La}{\partial \dot{L}} &= m\dot{L}(t) \\ \frac{\partial La}{\partial L} &= kL_{eq} - gm + gm\cos(\theta(t)) + L(t)(m\dot{\theta}(t)^2 - k)\end{aligned}$$

To obtain the ODE, we utilize the relation: $\frac{d}{dt}\frac{\partial La}{\partial \dot{\theta}} - \frac{\partial La}{\partial \theta} = 0$, and $\frac{d}{dt}\frac{\partial La}{\partial \dot{L}} - \frac{\partial La}{\partial L} = 0$

$$\begin{aligned}\ddot{\theta} &= -\frac{g\sin\theta}{L} - \frac{2\dot{L}\dot{\theta}}{L} - \frac{k_2\theta}{mL^2} \\ \ddot{L} &= \frac{k(L_{eq} - L) - mg}{m} + \frac{mg\cos\theta + mL\dot{\theta}^2}{m}\end{aligned}$$